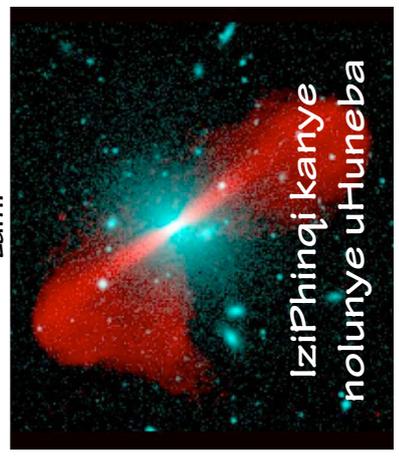




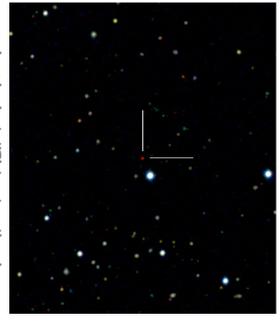
Grażyna Stasińska
Paris Observatory



UMkhathilibe Ephaketheni Lami

Ukuzama ukuthola iziPhinqi ezikude kuwumsebenzi obalulekile futhi onzima. Lesi isiThombe sakhiwe ngesangulo esithathwe gezipopolo isioan Digital Sky Survey kanye ne- UKIRT Infrared Deep Sky Survey.

Savumela ukuphakanyiswa kwesiPhinqi esikude kunazo zonke ezaziwayo. IziPhinqi i-ULAS J1 120+064-1 (elichazwa elibovu elincalala elikhonjwe iningq embili emhlophe). Umubala kuphela ohlukanisa phakathi kwesiPhinqi kanye nezinye izikhafu kukhanya, iningq izazo okuyiziNkanyezi kumThalakazi weThu. **8**



Izimpindulo zikwi-overleaf

Ziyini lezi iziQumbu?



Imibuzo

EsiNgakuqondisi

Kusa nemibuzo eminingi ngeziPhinqi edinga izimpindulo. Mhlawumbe umubuzo obaluleke kakhulu ukuthi ngabe zadaleka kanjani iziPhinqi ezinkulu kakhulu.

IziPhinqi zibaneka kakhulu ngalendlela yokuthi zikwazi ukhlongeka zikude kakhulu kanti futhi ukhanya okusuka kuzona kuthatha isikhathi eside ukuthi kufike kuthina. Ukukhanya esikuthola kuqhamuka kwesikude kakhulu, i-ULAS J1 120+064-1, kwakhafuwa eminyakeni eyizigidi ezama-500 emva kokudaleka komkhathilibe.

Kunezigamako ezimubalwa ezizama ukuchaza ukuthi isiGwinqa esinesisindo esiphindeke izigididi ezimbili kweselanga sasengadaleka kanjani ngokushesha emva kokudaleka komkhathilibe. **9**

IziPhinqi kuMkhathilibe

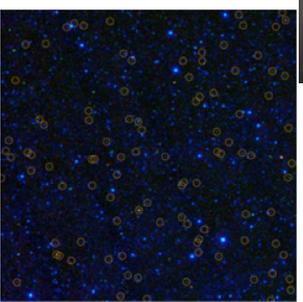
IziMfundulo zomkhathi zicabanga ukuthi yonke imiThalakazi iqukethe inguzungu yesiGwinqa. ImiThalakazi kungase kwenzeke ukuthi ishintsha phakathi 'kwesithongabusika' nezikhathi 'zobukhuphekuphe' obukhulu lapho khona isiGwinqa sigwinqa utho oludlula noma oluseduze kwaso.

Uquket homagama lweziPhinqi oluselwa kubomkhathi kwisokhanya luqethe izinto cishe eziyi-300, 000. Yize sekunezigidi zalezo izinto ezilindele ukuqinisekiswa ukuthi ziyiziPhinqi kanti futhi ziningi ezizayo ezizophakanyiswa uhlokomkhathi lakusasa.

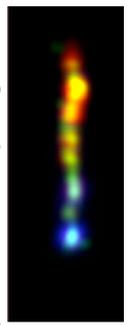
Ngoba iziPhinqi zibengezela ngokwemvelo yazo, imvange yazo ivumela ukuthi sikwazi ukuhlola utho olukude kuzo kuyofika kunqenema lomkhathilibe. **15**



UmThalakazi omkhulukazi olupesi INGC 4889, oqukethe isiGwinqa esikhulukazi (onesisindo esiphindeke isigididi kweselanga) kungase kube isiPhinqididi.

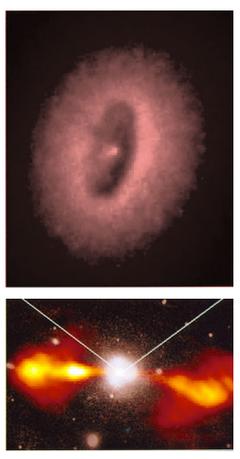


Uhlokomkhathi kwinsibomvu selathola izigidi zezinto ekuqungazaka ukuthi zibe iziPhinqi, kulesi isiThombe lokhu okungase kube iziPhinqi kuzingelezwe ngombala ophuzu. **12**



4

Iklubo lesishwila i-3C273 (izi-100,000 kwikhanyabanga ubude) kwixamagu (oluhlaza), kwisokhanya (hlaza) nakwinsibomvu (bovu) ngezipopolo zeChandra, iHubble, kanye neSpitzer.

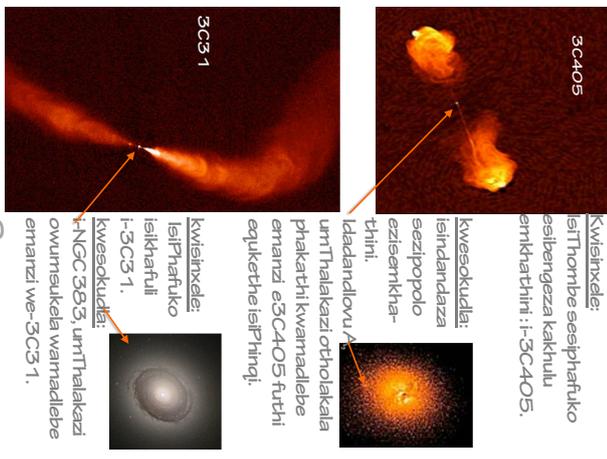


Iklubo leNGC 4261. Kwisixele: Amaclabe emanzi (200,000 kwikhanyabanga ubude) awolintshi umbala kanye nomThalakazi osindandaza embalweni omhlophe. Kwesokudla: isiThombe esithwetshulwe iziPopolo i-Hubble sesifuba esikhombisa isicaba sobhuli esingama-400 kwikhanyabanga ububanzi.

Izicaba, iziShwila kanye neminye imumo

Ngezipopolo zeHubble, izimfundulo zikwazi ukubona imininigilizo engabonakali ngezipopolo ezisemhlabeni. Sesikwazi ukhulukanisa izimo zemThalakazi lapho kusuka khona iziShwila.

Izicaba ezinothuli zibonakala ezifubeni zalezo ezisemaduze. Kokunye, 'iziShwila' zibonakala kwisokhanya zikhomba makude kunomnyombo womThalakazi izipopolo zexamagu zikhombisa ukuthi iziPhinqi kanye nemThalakazi ezihlobene nayo ziyizixamagu eziqhakaka kakhulu. Okwamanje, izimfundulo seziphakamise iningq lezinto ezinezimo ezifanayo ncamashi neziPhinqi kodwa ezingakhatfuli emagagasini emanzana. Lezi bazibiza ngeziPhinqididi. **5**



3C405
 Kwisinxele:
 Isithombe esiphafuko
 esibengeza kakhulu
 emthathini: i-3C405.
 kwesokudala:
 Isindandaza
 sezippolo
 ezisemkha-
 thini.
 Isindandlovu A
 umThalakazi otholakala
 phakathi kwamadlebe
 emanzi e3C405 futhi
 equkethe isiPhinqi.

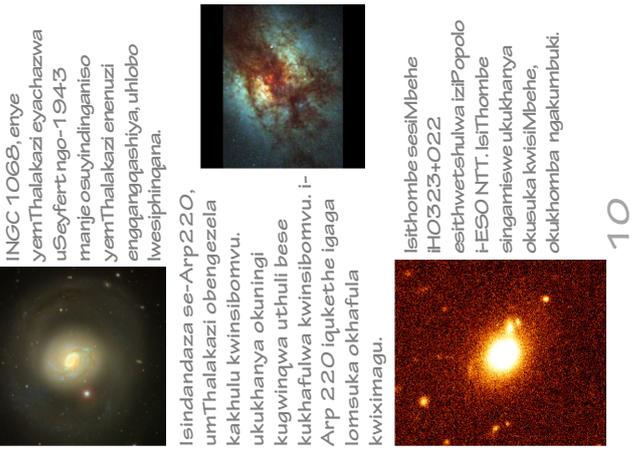
3C3 1
 kwisinxele:
 Isiphafuko
 Isikhafuli
 i-3C3 1.
 kwesokudala:
 i-NGC 363, umThalakazi
 owumakela wamadlebe
 emanzi we-3C3 1.

Ukusebenza kweziPhinqi
 Ngokjwayelekile, iziPhinqi zikhafula
 impekumpeku elingalisewe kuleyo
 ekhafulwa imiThalakazi eyi-1 000
 kuruzuzwana, endaweni encane ukudlula
 umThalakazi cishe isigidi ngokuphindleka.
 kwenzeka kanjani lokhu? kuyacaca ukuthi
 urnsuka walorronzi akusiyi INkanyezi.
 Sekuyayumelwana manje ukuthi iziPhinqi
 ziqukethe kumsuka wazo iziGwinqa
 ezinkulu, ezidonea utho oluseduze
 kwazo. Ngaphambi kokungena
 kwiGwinqa, utho luyashwilekela
 kwisicaba sehlumelo, lapho khona
 lueshiswa emazingeni aphhezulu
 okushisa, bese lukhigiza ukukhanya
 kuzwikhwithi kanye nakwixamagu.
 IziGwinqa ezinkulu zikhanya kakhulu.
 Lokhu ukukhanya kushayisana nomoya
 ongunge iziGwinqa, bese kuqhizeka
 umungcw obonakala kuphela kwiziPhinqi.



IsiThombe somThalakazi
 i-NGC 1277 oqukethe
 isiGwinqa esikhulakazi
 esithathwe kwiHST
 Inkatha eluthuli
 equkethe evuthelisa
 isiGwinqa esitholakala
 kulinyombu
 womThalakazi i-NGC
 4261 eyayibukwe
 ngezippolo
 zomkharthi iHubble
 Indlela umdwebhi
 acabanga ngayo
 Indle engungu
 isiGwinqa esikhulakazi
 i-NGC 3783
 Isithombe
 somThalakazi i-NGC
 7049 esikhombisa
 imizila yochuli
 eyizindilingas
 esithwetshelwe iHST

IsiThombe
 somThalakazi i-NGC
 7049 esikhombisa
 imizila yochuli
 eyizindilingas
 esithwetshelwe iHST



INGC 1068, enye yemThalakazi eyachazwa uSeyfert ngo-1943
 manje osuyindinganiso
 yemThalakazi enenuzi
 engqangqashisa, uhlobo
 lwesiphinqana.
 Isindandaza se-Arp 220,
 umThalakazi obengezela
 kakhulu kwinsibomvu,
 ukukhanya okuningi
 kugwinjwa uthuli bese
 kukhafulwa kwinsibomvu. i-
 Arp 220 iqukethe igaga
 lomusuka okhafula
 kwiximagi.
 Isithombe sesiMbehe
 i-NGC 223+O22
 esithwetshelwa iziP opolo
 HESO NTT, Isithombe
 elingamse ukukhanya
 okusuka kwisiMbehe,
 okukhombisa ngakumbuki.



UmKhatshilibe Ephaketheni Lami No. 6
 Le Ncwajana lilotshwe ngonyaka wezi-
 2016 ilotshwa nguGrazyna Stasinska
 waseParis Observatory (France) yase
 iningilizwa nguStan Kurtz wase-UNAM
 Radio Astronomy Institute in Morelia
 (Mexico)
 Isithombe esisekhraveni: Ikhubo lomThalakazi
 omkhulakazi depesi i-NGC 5532 (culuhlaza
 saasiphakabhaka) kanye nezishwila zeesikhafuli-
 3C296 (obomvu). Inap yemanzi yakhiwe
 ngesangulo soyacala wezippolo esikhulakazi
 i-MLA ezinye izithombe kule Ncwajana
 zithathelwe kwizippolo i-HST, CXO, SAO,
 Spitzer and UKIRT.

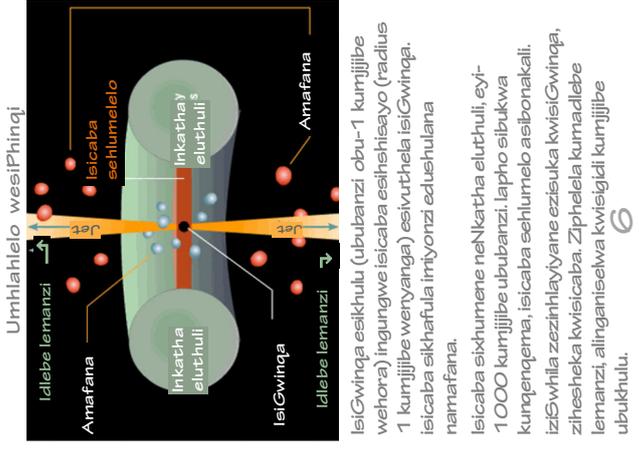


Ukufunda kabanzi ngalolu
 uchungechungu kanye
 nezihloko ezethulwe
 kuleNcwajana, sicela
 uvakashele u-
<http://www.tunip.org>

Inunuwazi: Nkhahla Mbanbo
 TUNIP Creative Commons

Olunye uHunoba
 Ngaphambi kokuphakanyiswa
 kweziPhinqi, sase sivele sazi ukuthi
 eminye imiThalakazi inemisuka
 ebengezela kakhulu kanti futhi
 enemivange engajwayelekile.
 ImiThalakazi efana nalena yaqanjwa
 ngokuthi amaSeyfert. Ayingxenywe
 'yemiThalakazi enomuNyombo',
 okufaka kuyo iziPhinqi kanye
 nezimbehe.
 Khona nje, ubuko lomkharthi
 kwinsibomvu lwakhombisa ukuthi
 kunenani lemiThalakazi ebengezela
 kakhulu kwinsobomvu kodwa
 engabonakali nhlobo kwisokukhanya.
 Iningi la lemiThalakazi
 kucaatshangwa ukuthi liqukethe
 imiNyombo.

Ukuphakanyiswa kweziPhinqi
 Yize iziPhinqi ziyi zinto ezibengeza
 kakhulu kuMkhatshilibe, zaphakanyiswa
 eminyakeni engama-60 eyedlile nje.
 Inhlabamkosi emanzi esuka ezintweni
 zomkharthi yayisiqoshiwe
 ngalesasikhathi. Ngesikhathi
 zimfunzindalo zomkharthi zizama
 ukuthola izindandazo ezilambisana
 nalezi ziphafuko, zathola ukuthi izifuba
 ezininzi leziphafuko ezizathekile
 ziqukethe izinsankanyezi ezisilulalwa
 futhi ezithi azibe kulhaza kuhle
 kwesibhakabhaka.
 Umungcw walezi zinto wakhombisa
 ukuthi lezi zinto zikude kakhulu
 (ngaphandle komThalakazi wethu, kude
 ukudlula imiThalakazi eyayaziwa
 ngaleso sikhathi) kanti futhi
 zazingasizona iziNkanyezi. Zanikezwa
 igama iziPhinqi (zinsankanyezi).



Umhlahlalo wesiphinqi
 IziGwinqa esikhulu (ububanzi obu-1 kumjijibe
 wehora) ingungwe isicaba esihesayo (radius
 1 kumjijibe wenyanga) esivuthela isiGwinqa,
 isicaba sikhafula iminyonzi edushulana
 namafana.
 Isicaba sikhumene neNkatha eluthuli, eyi-
 1 000 kumjijibe ububanzi. lapho sibukwa
 kurngqema, isicaba sehlumelo asibonakali.
 iziShwila zezinhlayiyane ezisuka kwisiGwinqa,
 zihesheka kwisicaba. Ziphelela kumadlebe
 lemanzi, alingamiselwa kwisigidi kumjijibe
 ubukhulu.