Alain Blanchard Toulouse Université Paul Sabatier,

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Answers on overleaf

to have found some hints of such evolving

(aredit: Tom

spherical

hyperbolic

Dunne)

the potential that governs its evolution.

cosmological constant, depending on

but can also behave very much like a

In 2024, the DESI collaboration claims

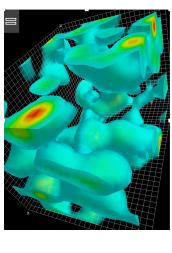
gravity. Its density can vary over time,











study-of-vacuum-energy-is-proving-catastrophic

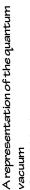
Go to this site to see the animation

appearing and disappearing. particles and antiparticles, continuously but rather a permanent swarming of vacuum is not the absence of everything, According to quantum mechanics, a

zero density. The vacuum must therefore have a non-

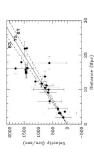
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Which of images shows: these



proposed, an origin dubbed ' dark energy'.

explanations for the origin of the accelerated expansion have been

is high enough ( $\Omega > 1$  ), the expansion will stop and

low ( $\Omega$  <1) the gravitational force is not strong the Universe will contract. If the density is too

limiting case between these two possibilities

happens when the density is equal to the

critical density ( $\Omega$ =1).

enough and expansion will go on forever. The

which is controlled by its density. If the density

the strength of the gravitation of matter

known from observations, but we do not know

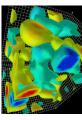
The velocity of galaxies due to expansion is

Therefore, many alternative orders of magnitude at least.

Quintessence is the simplest form of

component that interacts with the

rest of the Universe only through dark energy: it is a hypothetical



quantum field theory exceeds the value

deduced from observations by 120

theoretical point of view. The value of

the quantum vacuum predicted by by Einstein is very artificial from a

https://media4.obspm.fr/public/r

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essources\_lu

The cosmological constant introduced

radius of the Universe as

The evolution of the

a function of time for

different values of the

ensity of matter  $\Omega$ 

Dark Energy

Quiz

StevenWeinberg

WolfgangPauli

order of magnitude calculation in all of often described as the most erroneous about  $10^{120}$  times \* greater; this is compared to that deduced from the incredibly large value predicted for the observations. The quantum value is density of the quantum vacuum 20th century examined the question Three of the greatest physicists of the sum vacuum, noting the

curiosities in physics. remained in the wardrobe of useless Again, a question that might have

\*  $10^{120} = (10 \times 10 \times 10 \dots 10) 120$  times

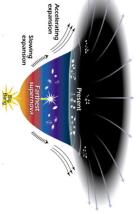


Diagram depicting the accelerated expansion of the Universe.

Explaining the accelerating expansion of Credit: Design Alex Mittelmann, Coldcreation mathematically tricky. these theories in some detail is of theories. Needless to say, describing the Universe has lead to a great diversity

approaches can be combined in different of general relativity. Finally, both more of the many successful predictions difficult to do so without violating one or are many ways of achieving this, but it is modifying Einstein's gravity theory. There Another possible solution consists in

# Universe



Einstein Albert

Expansion is best described by the linked to the density of the Universe. tells us that the geometry of space is Albert Einstein in 1915. This theory relativity, published by

new term, the cosmological therefore introduced in 1917 a (i.e. non-expanding) Universe. He it was inconsistent with a static first version of his theory, because Einstein was not satisfied by the

that, more than a century later, is now perhaps at its height... It was to be the start of a saga

Nobel Prize in Physics for Saul Perlmutter, Brian

quite amazing : it means that, on the scale of P. Schmidt and Adam G. Riess. This result is

the Universe, gravitation a

7

is accelerating. This discovery won the 2011

The modern version of the Hubble diagram from

ae showed that the expansion

the Universe led to the cosmologica wardrobe of useless curiosities in The discovery of the expansion of constant being consigned to the physics, with Einstein's assent...

But in 1931 Lemaître made a

The supernovae selected for this study were of

type la. Supernovae of this type have a very

regular luminosity, which means they can be

In a Universe dominated by matter,

with its current speed.

expansion speed of the Universe is

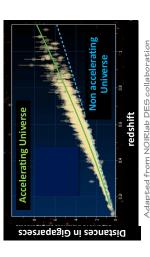
ncreasing

decrease. The Hubble diagram of

the expansion speed would

supernovae revealed that the

reliably used to determine distances.



The Supernova Hubble diagram

The nature of Λαμβδα

It shows the measured speed V of The original Hubble diagram (Hubble 1929) stars established a few years earlier period-luminosity relation for Cepheid D, the latter being deduced using the galaxies as a function of their distance Velocity-Distance Relation among Extra-Galactic Nebulae. 1 Mpc is equal to 3 millions light years

estimates are about 73 km/s per Mpc km/s per Mpc, then at about 100 km/s was first estimated at about 500 dramatically our vision of the Universe Hubble-Lemaître law, changed by Henrietta Leavitt (see TUIMP 15). per Mpc in the early 1960s. Present The value of  $H_O$ , the Hubble constant, The relation  $V = H_O xD$ , called the

Answers

the quantum vacuum A representation of

of Cepheids in galaxies The Hubble distant observations Hubble Space diagram from Telescope

2001) (Freedman et al

Credit: MARK geometries GARLICK/SCIENCE of space Different

## The Universe in my pocket No. XX

revised by Stan Kurtz from IRyA (Mexico). Blanchard from Université Paul Sabatier and This booklet was written in 2024 by Alain

### Cover image:

character who has "gone over to the dark subject to an unknown force whose side of The Force". The Universe itself is Darth Vader of the Star Wars series is the Energy mysterious origin has been called `Dark



series and about the topics presented in this booklet, To learn more about this http://www.tuimp.org olease visit



known today the discrepancy between the age of the Universe and that of the Earth With the value of the Hubble constant disappears anyway. 6

abandoned the C.C. after the discovery of that did not persuade Einstein, who

Bang. He noticed that given the expansion cosmological constant (C.C.), an argument primeval atom ', the ancestor of the Big speed measured by Hubble, the Universe would be younger than the age of the Earth unless one advocates a

In 1948, Georges Lemaître built the first cosmological model dealing with the early phase of the Universe, named the

Albert Einstein and Georges Lemaître

that the light detected from them

was produced when the Universe was much younger. This makes it

These supernovae are so distant

possible to compare the expansion speed of the Universe at that time

supernovae made a discovery that

**Aubble diagram of distant** 

revolutionized cosmology and

fundamental physics.

In 1998, two teams studying the The accelerated expansion



## The Hubble-Lemaître law

expansion of the Universe. galaxies were proportional to their outside our own, Edwin Hubble observed distances. Georges Lemaître that the recession velocities of these which concluded that there are galaxies interpreted this as an effect of the Just after the Great Debate in 1925,

accompany the Cosmic Web structure trivial concept to understand: putting proportional to their respective aside the individual movements that distances. from each other with a speed (see TUIMP 13), galaxies move away e expansion of the Universe is a non-

atmosphere) the stone rises high enough (forgetting the Earth's then falls again. If the initial speed is initial speed is low, the stone rises and like throwing a stone upwards: if the What governs this speed is gravitation,

TUIMP Creative Commons Translation:: Stan Kurtz

